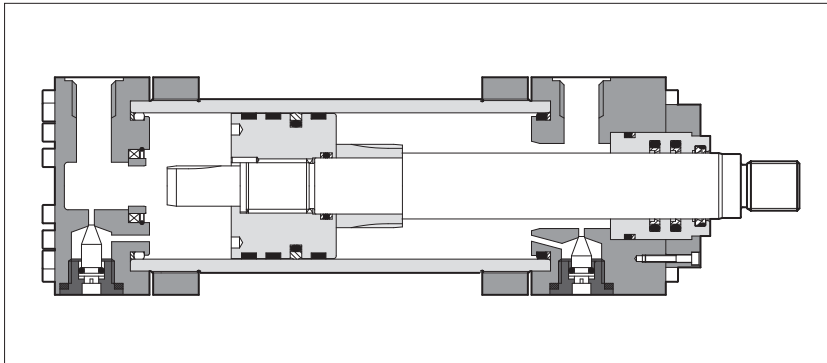


Hydraulic cylinders type **CH** - big bore sizes

to ISO 6020-3 - nominal pressure 16 MPa (160 bar) - max 25 MPa (250 bar)



DVC Cylinder Designer

The configuration and options of CH big bore cylinders are easily selectable with the DVC software. Once the cylinder code is correctly defined using the configurator tool, the relevant 3D modelling and imaging are immediately available for the user.

CH big bore cylinders have engineered double acting construction, designed to suit the requirements of industrial applications: top reliability, high performances and long working life.

- Bore sizes from **250** to **400** mm
- Strokes up to **5000** mm
- **7** standard mounting styles
- **2** seals options
- **3** piston guides for overload
- Adjustable cushionings
- Optional built-in position transducer, **see tab. B310**
- Attachments for rods and mounting styles, **see tab. B500**

For cylinder's choice and sizing criteria **see tab. B015**.

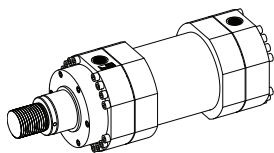
1 MODEL CODE

| CH | | F | 250 | / | 140 | * | 0500 | - | S | 3 | 0 | 8 | - | A | - | B1E3X1Z3 | ** | |
|--|--|---|-----|---|-----|---|------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------|----|--|
| CYLINDERS SERIES CH to ISO 6020 - 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Series number (1) |
| ROD POSITION TRANSDUCER F = magnetosonic M = magnetosonic programmable N = magnetostrictive P = potentiometric V = inductive Dimensions and performances see tab. B310 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | HEADS' CONFIGURATION (2), see section 11 Oil ports positions B1 = front head X1 = rear head Cushioning adjustments positions E3 = front head Z3 = rear head |
| BORE SIZE, see section 3 from 250 to 400 mm | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | OPTIONS (2): Rod treatment, see section 9 T = induction surface hardening and chrome plating Air bleeds, see section 13 A = front air bleed W = rear air bleed Draining, see section 14 L = rod side draining Flange oil ports, see section 6 M = front and rear SAE 6000 flange oil ports |
| ROD DIAMETER, see section 7 from 140 to 220 mm | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | SEALING SYSTEM, see section 12 2 = (FKM + PTFE) very low friction and high temperatures 8 = (NBR + PTFE and POLYURETHANE) low friction |
| STROKE, see section 4 up to 5000 mm | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | SPACER, see section 5 0 = none 2 = 50 mm 4 = 100 mm 6 = 150 mm 8 = 200 mm |
| MOUNTING STYLE, see sections 2 and 3 C = fixed clevis G = front trunnion L = intermediate trunnion N = square front flange P = square rear flange S = fixed eye with spherical bearing X = basic execution REF. ISO MP1 MT1 MT4 * MF5 MF6 MP5 - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | CUSHIONINGS, see section 10 0 = none Slow adjustable 1 = rear only 2 = front only 3 = front and rear |

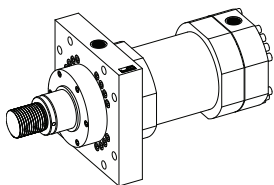
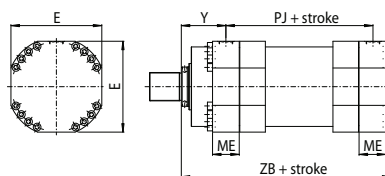
Notes:

- (1) For spare parts request always indicate the series number printed on the nameplate
(2) To be entered in alphabetical order

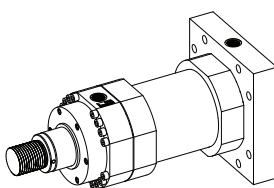
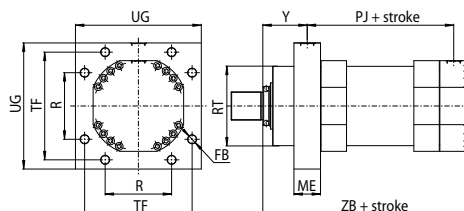
2 MOUNTING STYLE - for dimensions see section **3**



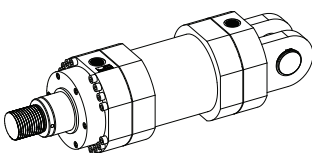
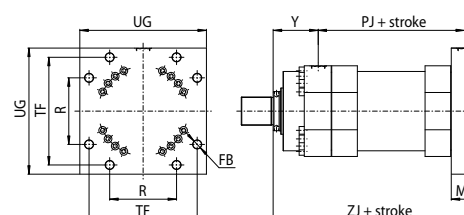
X = basic mounting



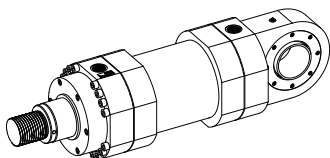
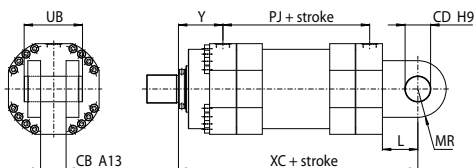
N (ISO MF5) = front flange mounting



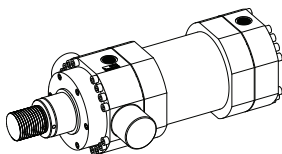
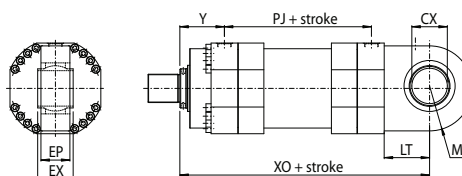
P (ISO MF6) = rear flange mounting



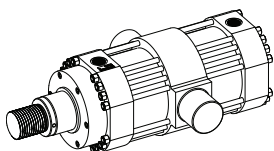
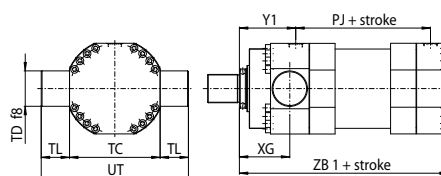
C (ISO MP1) = fixed clevis mounting - supplied with pivot pin C-145



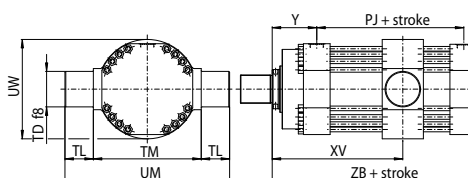
S (ISO MP5) = fixed eye with spherical bearing mounting



G (ISO MT1) = front trunnion mounting



L (ISO MT4) = intermediate trunnion mounting

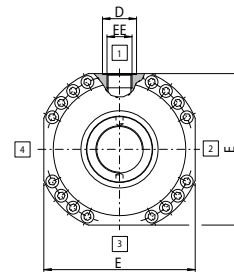


3 INSTALLATION DIMENSIONS [mm] - see figures in section 2

| | | | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Ø Bore | | 250 | 320 | 400 |
| Ø Rod | | 140 | 180 | 220 |
| B f9 (4) | | 163 | 205 | 245 |
| CB A13 | | 90 | 110 | 140 |
| CD H9 | | 90 | 110 | 140 |
| CX H7 | | 125 | 160 | 200 |
| D (1) | | 58 | 58 | 69 |
| E (2) max | | 320 | 400 | 500 |
| EE (1) | | G 1 1/2 | G 1 1/2 | G 2 |
| EP | | 102 | 130 | 162 |
| EX | | 125 | 160 | 200 |
| F max (4) | | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| FB | | 30 | 36 | 45 |
| L min | | 125 | 152 | 195 |
| LT min | | 160 | 200 | 250 |
| ME ref | | 94 | 114 | 140 |
| MR max | | 100 | 120 | 160 |
| MS max | | 160 | 200 | 250 |
| MT (3) [Nm] | | 350 | 680 | 1060 |
| PJ ±1,5 (6) | | 218 | 252 | 320 |
| R js13 | | 235 | 283 | 340 |
| RD f8 (4) | | 280 | 325 | 380 |
| TC h14 | | 320 | 400 | 500 |
| TD f8 | | 125 | 160 | 200 |
| TF | | 380 | 472 | 588 |
| TL js13 | | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| TM h14 | | 380 | 485 | 605 |
| UB | | 180 | 220 | 280 |
| UG max | | 445 | 549 | 683 |
| UM ref | | 580 | 735 | 925 |
| UT ref | | 520 | 650 | 820 |
| UW max | | 480 | 600 | 750 |
| VD (4) | | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| VE max (4) | | 83 | 83 | 83 |
| WF ±2 | | 110 | 110 | 110 |
| XC ±1,5 (6) | | 545 | 627 | 775 |
| XG ±2 (6) | | 178 | 195 | 215 |
| XO ±1,5 (6) | | 580 | 675 | 830 |
| XV (5) ±2 (6) | style L minimun stroke | 20 | 35 | 26 |
| | min | 275 | 312 | 358 |
| | max | 255+stroke | 273+stroke | 332+stroke |
| Y ±2 (6) | | 157 | 167 | 180 |
| Y1 ±2 (6) | | 199 | 223 | 260 |
| ZB max (6) | | 460 | 520 | 625 |
| ZB1 max (6) | | 505 | 580 | 685 |
| ZJ ±1 (6) | | 420 | 475 | 580 |

NOTES TO TABLE 3

(1) **D, EE** - Oil ports and drain are threaded according to GAS standard with counter-bore dimension **D** according to ISO 1179-1 (see figure below)



(2) **E** - If not otherwise specified in the figures in section 2, this value is the front and rear round heads dimension for all the mounting styles (see figure above)

(3) **MT** - Screws tightening torque. Mounting screws must be to a minimum strength of ISO 898/2 grade 12.9

(4) See figures in section 7

(5) **XV** - For cylinders with mounting style **L** the stroke must always exceed the minimum values reported in the table. The requested XV value must be included between **XV min** and **XV max** and it must be always indicated, with dimension in millimeters, together with the cylinder code. See the following example:

CH - 250 / 140 * 0500 - L308 - A - B1E3X1Z3
XV = 300

(6) The tolerance is valid for strokes up to 1250 mm, for longer strokes the upper tolerance is given by the max stroke tolerance in section 4

4 STROKE SELECTION

Stroke has to be selected a few mm longer than the working stroke, to prevent to use the cylinder heads as mechanical stroke-end. The table below shows the minimum stroke depending to the bore.

Minimum stroke [mm]

| Ø Bore | 250 | 320 | 400 |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Minimum stroke | 65 | 70 | 40 |

Maximum stroke:

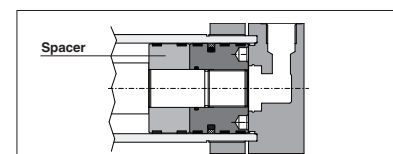
- 5000 mm

Stroke tolerances:

- 0 +2 mm for strokes up to 1250 mm
- 0 +5 mm for strokes from 1250 to 3150 mm
- 0 +8 mm for strokes over 3150 mm

5 SPACER

For strokes longer than 1000 mm, proper spacers have to be introduced in the cylinder's construction to increase the rod and piston guide and to protect them from overloads and premature wear. Spacers can be omitted for cylinders working in traction mode. The introduction of spacers increases the overall cylinder's dimensions: spacers' length has to be added to all stroke dependent dimensions in section 3.

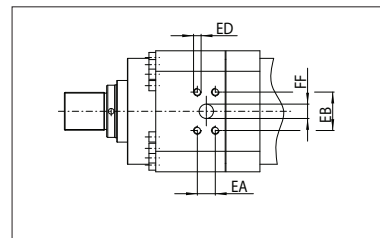


RECOMMENDED SPACERS [mm]

| Stroke | 1001 ÷ 1500 | 1501 ÷ 2000 | 2001 ÷ 2500 | 2501 ÷ 5000 |
|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Spacer code | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 |
| Length | 50 | 100 | 150 | 200 |

6 SAE 6000 FLANGE OIL PORTS - DIMENSIONS TO ISO 6162-2 [mm]

| Ø Bore | DN | EA ±0,25 | EB ±0,25 | ED 6g | FF -1,5 / 0 |
|--------|----|-------------|-------------|----------|----------------|
| 250 | 38 | 36,5 | 79,3 | M16 | 38 |
| 320 | | | | | |
| 400 | 51 | 44,5 | 96,8 | M20 | 51 |

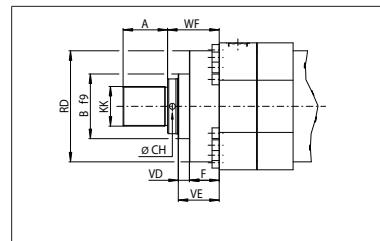


7 ROD END DIMENSIONS [mm]

| Ø Bore | 250 | 320 | 400 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Ø Rod | 140 | 180 | 220 |
| A | 112 | 125 | 160 |
| CH (*) | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| KK | M100x3 | M125x4 | M160x4 |

(*) n°2 holes per key

Note: for B, F, RD, VD, VE and WF dimensions see section 3



8 CYLINDER'S HOUSING FEATURES

The cylinder's housings are made in "hot rolled steel" with $R_s = 360 \text{ N/mm}^2$; the internal surfaces are lapped: diameter tolerance H8, roughness $R_a \leq 0,25 \mu\text{m}$.

9 RODS FEATURES and options

The rods materials have high strength, which provide safety coefficients higher than 4 in static stress conditions, at maximum working pressure. The rod surface is chrome plated: diameter tolerances f7; roughness $R_a \leq 0,25 \mu\text{m}$. Corrosion resistance of 100h in neutral spray to ISO 9227 NSS.

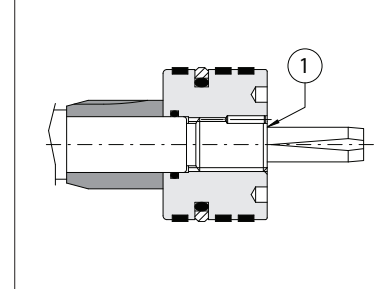
| Ø Rod | Material | Rs min [N/mm ²] | Chrome | |
|---------|--------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| | | | min thickness [mm] | hardness [HV] |
| 140 | alloy-steel | 450 | 0,020 | 850-1150 |
| 180÷220 | carbon steel | 360 | 0,045 | |

The rod and piston are mechanically coupled by a threaded connection in which the thread on the rod is at least equal to the external thread KK, indicated in the table [7]. See **tab. B015** for the prediction of the expected rod fatigue life. The piston is screwed to the rod by a prefixed tightening torque in order to improve the fatigue resistance. The stop pin ① avoids the piston unscrewing. **Contact our technical office** in case of heavy duty applications.

Rod hardness can be improved selecting the option **T**:

- **T** = Induction surface hardening and chrome plating (only for rod 140)
- 56-60 HRC (613-697 HV) hardness

ROD-PISTON COUPLING

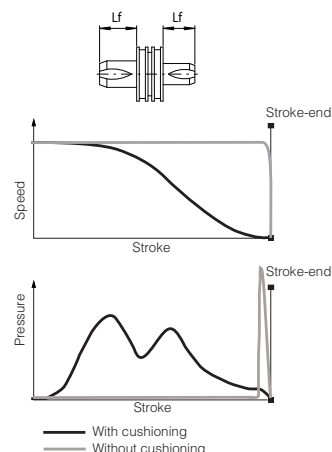


10 CUSHIONINGS

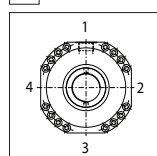
Cushionings are recommended for applications where: • the piston makes a full stroke with speed over than 0,05 m/s; • it is necessary to reduce undesirable noise and mechanical shocks; • vertical application with heavy loads. The stroke-end cushionings are hydraulic dampers specifically designed to dissipate the energy of the mass connected to the cylinder rod, by progressively increasing the pressure in the cushioning chamber and thus reducing the rod speed before the cylinder's mechanical stroke-end (see the graphics at side). See the **tab. B015** for the max damping energy. The cylinder is provided with needle valve to optimize cushioning performances in different applications. The regulating screws are supplied fully screwed in (max cushioning effect). In case of high masses and/or very high operating speeds it is recommended to back them off to optimize the cushioning effect. The adjustment screw has a special design to prevent unlocking and expulsion. The cushioning effect is highly ensured even in case of variation of the fluid viscosity.

| Ø Bore | | 250 | 320 | 400 |
|------------------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|
| Ø Rod | | 140 | 180 | 220 |
| Cushioning length [mm] | Lf front | 50 | 60 | 70 |
| | Lf rear | 56 | 64 | 64 |

Lf is the total cushioning lenght. When the stroke-end cushionings are used as safety devices, to mechanically preserve the cylinder and the system, it is advisable to select the cylinder's stroke longer than the operating one by an amount equal to the cushioning lenght Lf; in this way the cushioning effect does not influence the movement during the operating stroke.



11 POSITION OF THE OIL PORTS AND CUSHIONING ADJUSTMENTS

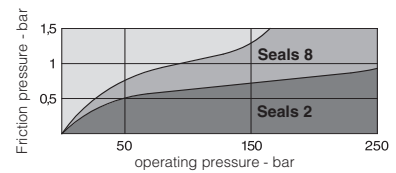


FRONT HEAD: **B1** = oil port position; **E3** = cushioning adjustment position
 REAR HEAD: **X1** = oil port position; **Z3** = cushioning adjustment position.
 The oil ports and cushioning adjustment positions are only available, respectively, on sides 1 and 3 (see the figure at side).

Example of model code: CH-250/140 *0100-S301 - A - **B1E3X1Z3**

12 SEALING SYSTEM FEATURES

The sealing system must be chosen according to the working conditions of the system: speed, operating frequencies, fluid type and temperature. Special sealing system for low temperatures, high frequencies (up to 20 Hz), long working life and heavy duty are available on request. All the seals, static and dynamic, must be periodically replaced: proper spare kits are available, see section 18. Contact our technical office for the compatibility with other fluids not mentioned below and specify type and composition. See section 19 for fluid requirements.



| Sealing system | Material | Features | Max speed [m/s] | Fluid temperature range | Fluids compatibility | ISO Standards for seals | |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|------------|
| | | | | | | Piston | Rod |
| 2 | FKM + PTFE | very low friction and high temperatures | 4 | -20°C to 120°C | Mineral oils HH, HL, HLP, HLP-D, HM, HV, MIL-H-5606 fire resistance fluids HFA, HFB, HFC (water max 45%), HFD-U, HFD-R | ISO 7425/1 | ISO 7425/2 |
| 8 | PTFE + NBR + POLYURETHANE | low friction | 1 | -20°C to 85°C | Mineral oils HH, HL, HLP, HLP-D, HM, HV, MIL-H-5606 | ISO 7425/1 | ISO 7425/2 |

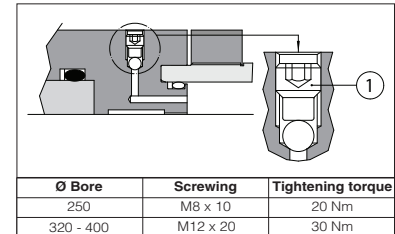
13 AIR BLEEDS

CODES: **A** = front air bleed; **W** = rear air bleed

The air in the hydraulic circuit must be removed to avoid noise, vibrations and irregular cylinder's motion: air bleed valves are recommended to realize this operation easily and safely.

Air bleeds are positioned on side 3, see section 11.

For a proper use of the air-bleed (see figure on side) unlock the grub screw ① with a wrench for hexagonal head screws, bleed-off the air and retighten as indicated in table at side.

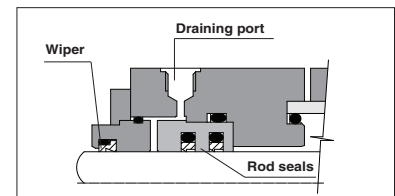


14 DRAINING

CODE: **L** = rod side draining

The rod side draining reduces the seals friction and increases their reliability; it is mandatory for cylinders with strokes longer than 2000 mm, with rod side chamber constantly pressurized and for servocylinders.

The draining is positioned on the same side of the oil port, between the wiper and the rod seals (see figure at side). It is recommended to connect the draining port to the tank without backpressure. Draining port is G1/8.



15 FLUID REQUIREMENTS

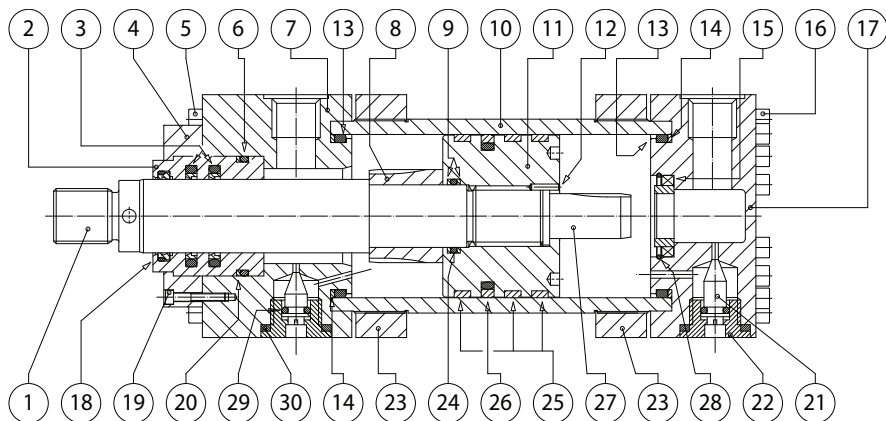
Cylinders and servocylinders are suitable for operation with mineral oils with or without additives (**HH, HL, HLP, HLP-D, HM, HV**), fire resistant fluids (**HFA** oil in water emulsion - 90-95% water and 5-10% oil, **HFB** water in oil emulsion - 40% water, **HFC** water glycol - max 45% water) and synthetic fluids (**HFD-U** organic esters, **HFD-R** phosphate esters). The fluid must have a viscosity within 15 and 100 mm²/s, a temperature within 0 and 70°C and fluid contamination class ISO 19/16 according to ISO 4406, achieved with in-line filters at 25 µm.

16 CYLINDERS MASSES [kg] (tolerance ± 5%)

| Ø Bore [mm] | Ø Rod [mm] | MASS FOR STYLE X single rod | | ADDITIONAL MASSES according to mounting styles and options | | | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| | | Stroke 100 mm | Each 100 mm more | Styles C, S | Style G | Style L | Styles N, P | Front cushioning | Rear cushioning | Each 50 mm spacer |
| 250 | 140 | 324 | 27 | 55 | 9 | 110 | 83 | 8,5 | 19 | 28 |
| 320 | 180 | 485 | 41 | 82 | 16 | 160 | 142 | 11 | 27 | 44 |
| 400 | 220 | 902 | 71 | 155 | 34 | 360 | 275 | 17 | 45 | 72,4 |

Note: the masses related to the other options, not indicated in the table, don't have a relevant influence on the cylinder's mass

17 CYLINDER SECTION



| POS. | DESCRIPTION | MATERIAL | POS. | DESCRIPTION | MATERIAL | POS. | DESCRIPTION | MATERIAL |
|------|-------------------------|---------------------|------|------------------------|--------------------|------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 1 | Rod | Chrome plated steel | 11 | Piston | Steel | 21 | Cushioning adjustment screw | Steel |
| 2 | Rod bearing | Bronze | 12 | Screw stop pin | Steel | 22 | Cushioning adjustment plug | Steel |
| 3 | Rod seal | NBR + PTFE | 13 | O-ring | NBR / FKM | 23 | Counterflange | Steel |
| 4 | Flange | Steel | 14 | Anti-extrusion ring | PTFE | 24 | O-ring | NBR / FKM |
| 5 | Screw | Steel | 15 | Rear cushioning sleeve | Bronze | 25 | Piston guide ring | PTFE |
| 6 | O-ring | NBR / FKM | 16 | Screw | Steel (grade 12.9) | 26 | Piston seal | NBR / FKM + PTFE |
| 7 | Front head | Steel | 17 | Rear head | Steel | 27 | Rear cushioning piston | Steel |
| 8 | Front cushioning piston | Hardened steel | 18 | Wiper | NBR / FKM + PTFE | 28 | Toroidal ring | Steel |
| 9 | Anti-extrusion ring | PTFE | 19 | Screw | Steel | 29 | O-ring and anti-extrusion ring | NBR / FKM + PTFE |
| 10 | Cylinder housing | Steel | 20 | Anti-extrusion ring | PTFE | 30 | Bonded seal | Steel |

18 MODEL CODE FOR SEALS SPARE PARTS

SP

-

G

8

-

CH

-

250

/

140

-

01

Seals spare code

Sealing system

Cylinder series

Bore size [mm]

Rod diameter [mm]

Series number